BIRN: Where We Have Been, Where We are Going.

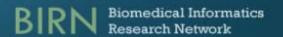


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Biomedical Informatics Research Network

- Infrastructure and services to support collaborative biomedical research
- Established by NCRR in 2001
- Restructured in 2008

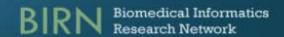


BIRN Approach

- Use-case driven requirements, bottom up design
- Well defined roadmaps, features, functions
- Follow capabilities approach from TeraGrid
 - Promote reuse across communities
- Move to software and services model
 - BIRN not defined by the "rack"
- Outreach to new communities IRN Biomedical Informatics Research Network

Technical Approach

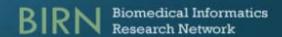
- Bottom up, not top down
- Focus on user requirements, what they want to do
- Create solutions, factor out common requirements
 - Capability model includes software and process
 - Avoid "Big Design up Front" (BDUF)



BIRN Services Prototype Service **BIRN-wide Shared Services** User-Deployable Capabilities **User Teams User Team User Team User Team** Resources Resources Resources

Common User Needs

- Data sharing
 - Among well defined communities, e.g. NPRC
 - Facilitate sharing with the public
 - Different data types
- Infrastructure, e.g. grid FTP for sharing
- Data Integration
 - Mediation across data sources / query
- Security
 - Registration, credentials



BIRN Services

- Website,
- Email lists
- WIKI (Confluence)
- Service Registry
- Source Repository
- User Registration (GAMA)
- Credential Access (MyProxy)



BIRN Capabilities (Now)

Collaboration Tools	Security Services	Data Sharing
Science teams have found BIRN's Wiki hosting useful for building their communities and orienting new members.	BIRN's user registration website allows new users to sign up and obtain security credentials to access BIRN services.	Data access software gives BIRN teams a simple way to share data on their systems with other team members.
BIRN's email list manager makes it easy to share information with team members, fostering a sense of community and keeping	BIRN's online credential service stores user credentials so that they can be retrieved and used from any computer	Data movement tools give team members ability to upload/download or transfer data from site to site.
members "in the loop."	system to access BIRN services.	Metadata services allow teams to describe their data in scientific terms and keep track of what data exists and where to get it.

BIRN Capabilities (Coming Soon)

Collaboration Support

A group policy management service allows teams to define groups and assign BIRN service privileges (access control) to groups.

An online capability registry allows users to browse and search for BIRN capabilities and data collections and allows teams to "advertise" the capabilities they provide.

Data Sharing Features

Data publication tools allow teams to upload data and metadata together, improving the accessibility of new data.

A data mirroring service allows BIRN sites to mirror (copy and keep up-to-date) collections of data on local servers for improved accessibility.

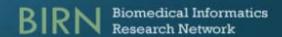
Our data access software supports the group access controls defined in the group

policy management service.

A first release of query tools allows users to perform structured queries across multiple (heterogeneous) data sources.

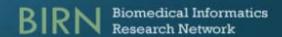
Operational Security Capabilities

- User registration
 - Portal interface for users
 - Administrator notification system
- Credential Management
 - X.509 Credential to all registered users
 - Manage long term credential for user
- Manual CA for host credentials



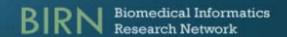
Operational Data Capabilities

- Data location
- Bulk data movement of large data sets
- Bulk movement of many files



Operational Collaboration Capabilities

- Capability registry
- Project membership management
- Project specific collaboration space
 - Wiki

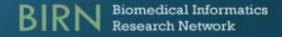


FBIRN Goals

- Develop the capability to analyze, as a single data set, data acquired from multiple sites using tools developed from multiple sites
- Develop multi-site functional neuroimaging tools.
- Develop a federated data management system to support these multi-site imaging and genetics studies

Multi-site Data Collection Challenges

- Pre-data collection scanner QA
- Data collection
 - Effect of different stimuli and response devices
- Experimental design:
 - Cognitive task sensitivity, robustness, reliability
 - Non-neuronal measures of BOLD signal
- Post-data collection corrections
 - Use of the breatholding (BH), ASL, smoothness, etc.
- Data sharing across sites
 - Data format issues, orientations, provenance, etc.
 - Data analysis issues

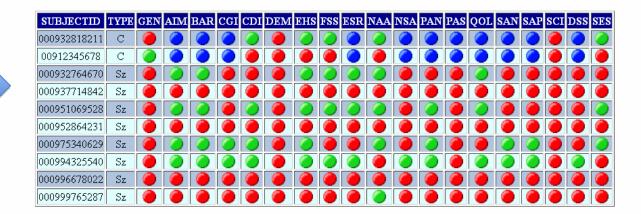


Automatic Federated Study Management Tracking

Site: UCI

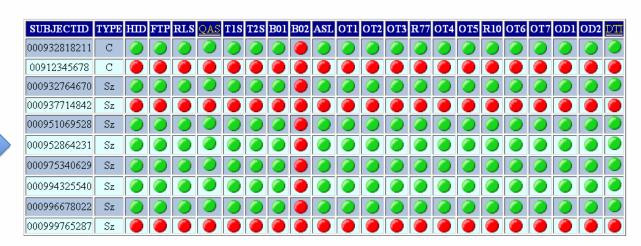
A. Clinical Data Collection

HID Database



B. Imaging Data Collection

BIRN DataGrid



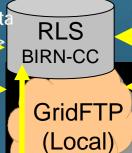
Data Federation Workflow



fMRI Scanner

FMRI Images

Automated image upload to Data Grid/HID for sharing (DICOM NIFTI)



Result Images and XML wrapper in Data Grid

Processing Pipeline (FIPS, SPM, FreeSurfer, etc)





Results with standard descriptions in HID (i.e. data provenance)



Clinical Data
Computer aided scale input via
clinical data entry interface and
remote tablet PC interface

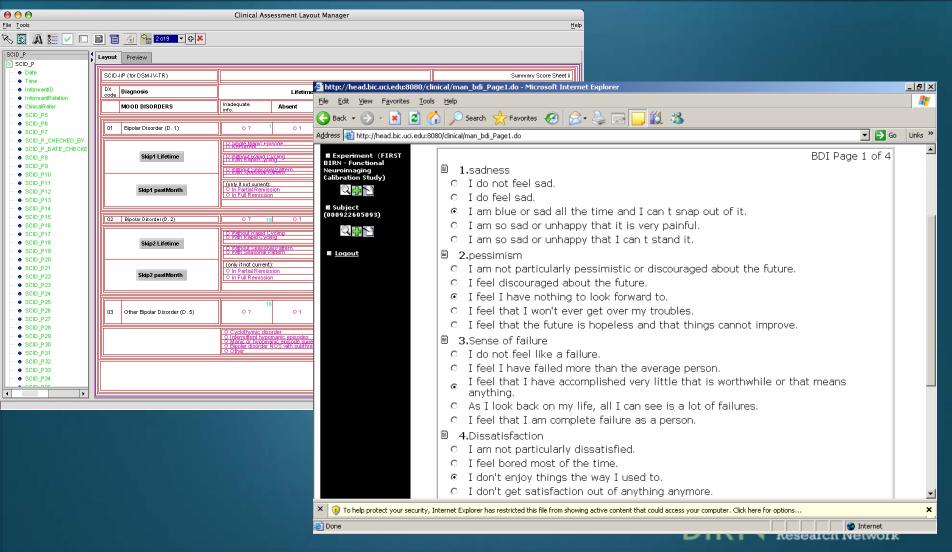
Multi-Site User Query



IRN Biomedical Informatics
Research Network

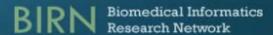
Keator, et. al. IEEE Trans Inf Technol Biomed. 2008 Mar;12(2):162-72.

Clinical Assessment Form Design: Graphical Layout Editor

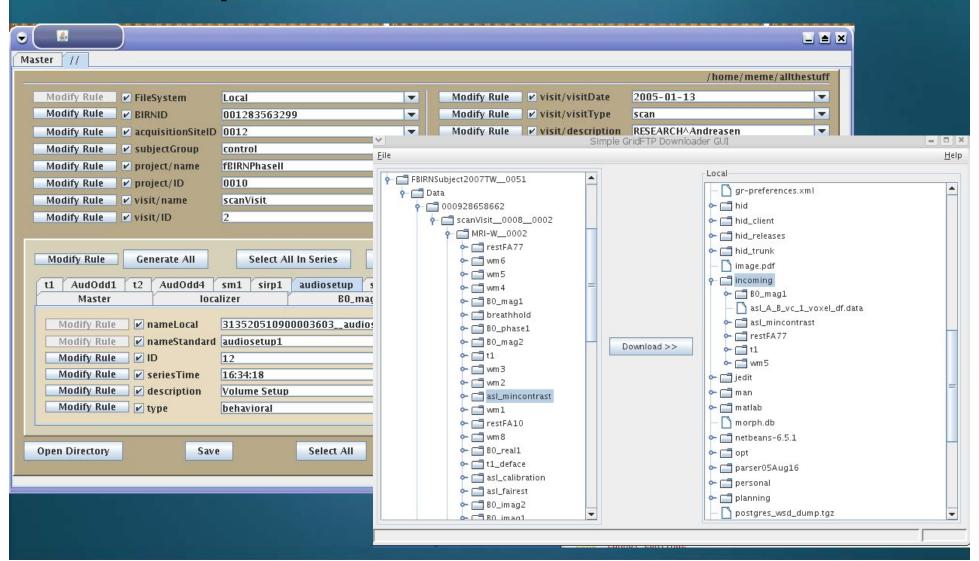


Data Storage Requirements

- Federated, sites control own data collections
 - Create project groups dynamically across federation
 - Assign permissions for groups dynamically
- Low cost, low maintenance overhead
- Data access quality of service requirements
- Access control
 - Site=RW, Project Group= R, User=Site
- Replication
- Performance
 - faster than scopy & sftp
- Human time
 - Improve efficiency over scopy/sftp alternatives and/or data warehousing



Image/File GridFTP Upload/Download Tools



HID: Federated Data Exploration



Information Integration

Mediator: uniform structured query access to heterogeneous sources *Challenges*:

Syntactic (Access/Format) heterogeneity: → *Wrappers*

Structured Sources: DBMS, XML/XQuery DBs

Semi-structured Sources: HTML, text, pdf

Web services > XML, SOAP, WSDL

Semantic heterogeneity → *Mediator*

Schema → Source modeling

Data > Record Linkage

Scalability:

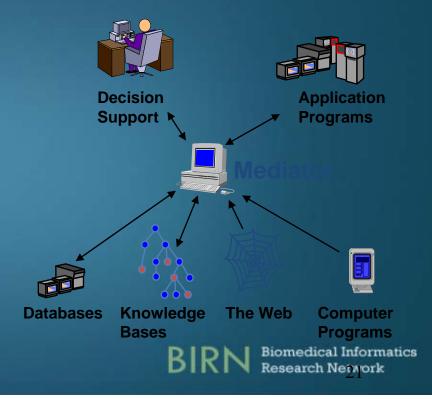
Mediation

Security

Source Addition

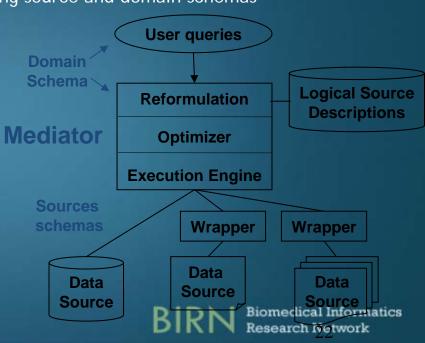
Record Linkage

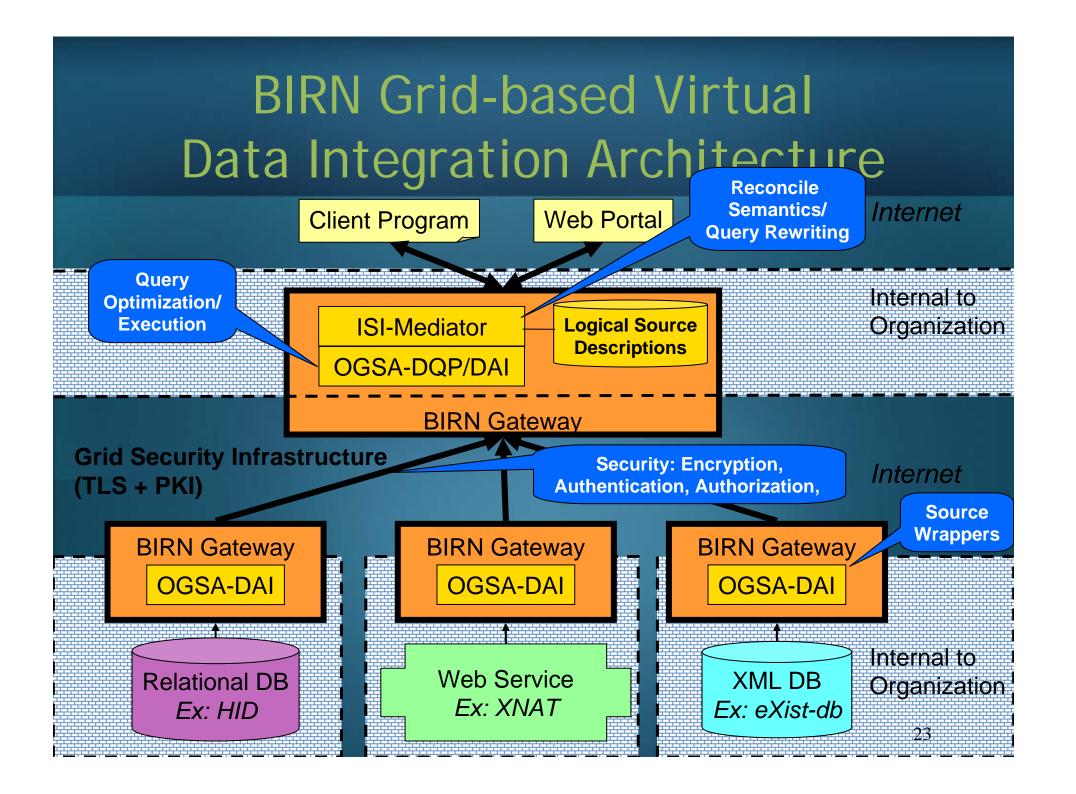
Efficient Query Execution



Information Mediator

- Virtual Integration Architecture:
 - Virtual organization: community of data providers and consumers that want to share data for specific purpose
 - Autonomous sources: data, control remains at sources; no change to access methods, schemas; data accessed real-time in response to user queries
 - Mediator: integrator defines domain schema and describes source contents
 - Domain schema: agreed upon view of the domain preferred by the virtual organization
 - Source descriptions: logical formulas relating source and domain schemas
- Easy to add new sources
- Query Answering
 - User writes query in domain schema
 - Mediator:
 - Determines sources relevant to user query
 - Rewrites query in sources schemas
 - Breaks query into sub-queries for sources
 - Optimizes query evaluation plan
 - Combines answers from sources
 - Efficient query evaluation
 - Streaming dataflow





FBIRN Data Integration Use Case: HID and XNAT

Integrated results

User query: find all male patients over 50 with t1 scans



Domain query

XNAT OAS1 0266 MR1 51 M XNAT OAS1 0034 MR1 51 M 000913186207 000947193547 55 M

XML

query

Results integrated from XNAT and HID

Logical Source descriptions

BIRN Mediator

SQL query

HID HID @UCI @MRN

HID results

SUBJEC... SCORENAME 000934691111 Handedness_left_spoon 000934691111 Handedness left toothbrush 000934691111 Handedness right broom 000934691111 Handedness_right_match 000934691111 Handedness right scissor 000934691111 Handesness_right_writing 000934691111 Mother's Education

Human Imaging Database(s) Oracle DB

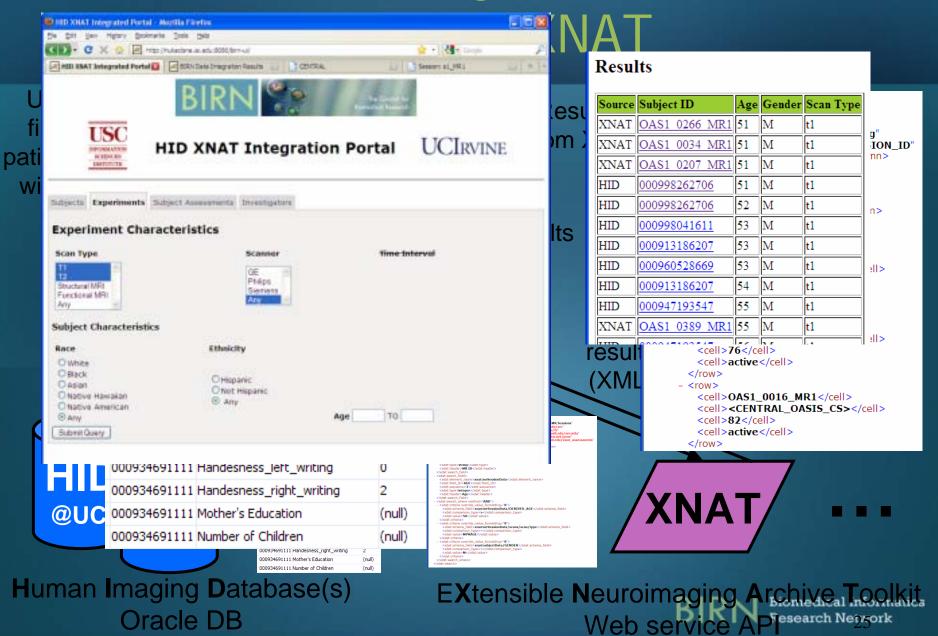
XNAT results (XML)

|>OAS1_0010_MR1</cell>
|><CENTRAL_OASIS_CS></cell> |>OAS1_0015_MR1</cell> |><CENTRAL_OASIS_CS></cell> ell>active</cell>

XNAT

EXtensible Neuroimaging Archive Toolkit Web service APTesearch Negyork

FBIRN Data Integration Use Case:



Acknowlegements

 Steve Potkin, David Keater, Jose-Luis Ambite, Joe Ames